

Answers to Student Assignment

Winspec: Microwave Spectroscopy Tutor

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The answers given below are examples of correct responses to the Student Exercises. In some cases answers will vary with the student's choice of molecule, transition, or other variable.

Exercise 1

Qualitative Effect of Centrifugal Distortion

Qualitative difference between the two spectra.

The spacing between the lines at high values of J is less than the spacing at low values of J . The intensity dies away more rapidly in the spectrum including centrifugal distortion.

Rotational and Centrifugal Distortion Constants

Molecule	XYZ		
J	ν / GHz	$(J + 1)^2$	$\nu/2(J + 1)$ / GHz
0	40.448000	1	20.224000
1	80.884000	4	20.221000
2	121.296000	9	20.216000
3	161.672000	16	20.209000
4	202.000000	25	20.200000
5	242.268000	36	20.189000

Intercept at $J = -1$ / GHz	20.22500
Slope / GHz	-0.0010000
B / GHz	20.22500
D / kHz	500.0

Exercise 2
Effect of Temperature

Describe the effect of the temperature change.

As the temperature increases the maximum intensity moves to higher J values.

Molecule	HCN	
Temperature / K	300	
J	height	ν / GHz
9	70.6 mm	885.970554
10	81.5 mm	974.487000
Temperature / K	299	

Exercise 3
Rotation-Vibration Interaction

Molecule	OCS
Transition	$J = 2 \leftarrow J = 1$

$\nu_1 \nu_2 \ell \nu_3$	ν / GHz	B / GHz
00 ⁰ 0	24.325927	6.0814818
10 ⁰ 0	24.24397	6.060992
01 ¹ 0	24.36843	6.092108
00 ⁰ 1	24.1768	6.04420
α_1 / MHz	20.490	
α_2 / MHz	-10.626	
α_3 / MHz	37.28	
B_e / GHz	6.09974	

Why should the $1 \leftarrow 0$ transition not be chosen?

If $J = 0$ then $|\ell| = 0$, so there is no 01^10 .

List the missing values of ν_2 and explain why they are absent.

For the $1 \leftarrow 0$ transition odd values of ν_2 are missing. For the $2 \leftarrow 1$ transition no values of ν_2 are missing. If $J = 0$ then $|\ell| = 0$. ℓ varies through the sequence $\nu_2, \nu_2 - 2, \dots, -\nu_2$ and so for $|\ell| = 0$, ν_2 must be even, no odd values can occur. If $J = 1$ then $|\ell| = 0$ and 1 , and ν_2 can take even or odd values.

Exercise 4
ℓ -type Doubling

Molecule	CICN	
Transition: $J = 3 \leftarrow J = 2$		ν / GHz
$01^1_2 0$		35.94549
$01^1_1 0$		35.90077
Splitting		0.04472
q_ℓ		0.007453
$01^1_2 0$	23.96373 GHz	
$01^1_1 0$	23.93392 GHz	
$11^1_2 0$	23.86628 GHz	
$11^1_1 0$	23.83623 GHz	
$03^1_2 0$	24.1095 GHz	
$03^1_1 0$	24.0498 GHz	
Splitting of $01^1 0$	29.81 MHz	
Splitting of $11^1 0$	30.05 MHz	
Splitting of $03^1 0$	59.7 MHz	

Explain the relative sizes of the splittings in $11^1 0$, $01^1 0$ and $03^1 0$.

$11^1 0$ and $01^1 0$ have the same value of ν_2 and therefore the same splitting for a given J . $03^1 0$ has $\nu_2 + 1$ twice as large as $01^1 0$ and so the splitting is twice as large.

Exercise 5
Nuclear Quadrupole Interaction

Molecule	CICN
Nuclear Spin I	3/2
Transition	$J = 2 \leftarrow J = 1$
Quantum Numbers $F_h \rightarrow F'_h$	3/2 \rightarrow 1/2
Quantum Numbers $F_\ell \rightarrow F'_\ell$	1/2 \rightarrow 3/2
Frequency $F_h \rightarrow F'_h$ / GHz	23.92069
Frequency $F_\ell \rightarrow F'_\ell$ / GHz	23.86243
Frequency Difference / GHz	0.05826
$Y(J + 1, I, F'_h)$	1/4
$Y(J, I, F_h)$	-1/5
$Y(J + 1, I, F'_\ell)$	0
$Y(J, I, F_\ell)$	1/4
eQq / MHz	-83.23
ν_0 / GHz	23.88324

Exercise 6
Stark Effect

Molecule			ICN		
Transition			$J = 3 \leftarrow J = 2$		
Unperturbed Frequency / GHz			19.353228		
$\mathcal{E} / \text{V cm}^{-1}$	M_J	ν / GHz	$\mathcal{E} / \text{V cm}^{-1}$	M_J	ν / GHz
300	0	19.35199	700	1	19.35132
300	1	19.35288	700	2	19.36583
300	2	19.35553	900	0	19.34209
500	0	19.34979	900	1	19.35008
500	1	19.35226	900	2	19.37405
500	2	19.35966			
700	0	19.34649			

M_J	$\Delta \nu / \text{MHz}$	$\mathcal{E}^2 / \text{V}^2 \text{m}^{-2}$	M_J	$\Delta \nu / \text{MHz}$	$\mathcal{E}^2 / \text{V}^2 \text{m}^{-2}$
0	-1.24	9×10^8	2	6.43	25×10^8
0	-3.44	25×10^8	2	12.60	49×10^8
0	-6.74	49×10^8	2	20.82	81×10^8
0	-11.14	81×10^8			
1	-0.35	9×10^8			
1	-0.97	25×10^8			
1	-1.91	49×10^8			
1	-3.15	81×10^8			
2	2.30	9×10^8			

M_J	$f(J, M_J)$	Slope / $\text{Hz m}^2/\text{V}^2$	$\mu / \text{C m}$	μ / D
0	-288/7560	-1.375×10^{-3}	1.238×10^{-29}	3.71
1	-81/7560	-3.891×10^{-4}	1.242×10^{-29}	3.72
2	540/7560	-2.572×10^{-3}	1.237×10^{-29}	3.71

Exercise 7
Structure Determination

Molecule		HCN	
J	ν / GHz	$(J + 1)^2$	$\nu/2(J + 1) / \text{GHz}$
0	88.631602	1	44.315801
1	177.261111	4	44.3152778
2	265.886432	9	44.3144052
3	354.505472	16	44.3131840
4	443.116137	25	44.3116137
5	531.716333	36	44.3096944

Intercept at $J = -1$ / GHz	44.3159755
Slope / GHz	-1.74476×10^{-4}
B / GHz	44.3159755
D / kHz	87.24
I / kg m ²	$1.8936789 \times 10^{-46}$

Molecule DCN

J	ν / GHz	$(J + 1)^2$	$\nu/2(J + 1)$ / GHz
0	72.414694	1	36.207347
1	144.828002	4	36.2070005
2	217.238539	9	36.2064232
3	289.644920	16	36.2056150
4	362.045758	25	36.2045758
5	434.439669	36	36.2033058

Intercept at $J = -1$ / GHz	36.2074624
Slope / GHz	-1.15461×10^{-4}
B / GHz	36.2074624
D / kHz	57.73
I / kg m ²	2.317761×10^{-46}

m_{H} / amu	1.00782
m_{H} / kg atom ⁻¹	1.67353×10^{-27}
m_{D} / amu	2.01410
m_{D} / kg atom ⁻¹	3.34449×10^{-27}
m_{C} / amu	12.00000
m_{C} / kg atom ⁻¹	1.99265×10^{-26}
m_{N} / amu	14.00307
m_{N} / kg atom ⁻¹	2.32527×10^{-26}
m_{HCN} / amu	27.01089
m_{HCN} / kg molecule ⁻¹	4.48527×10^{-26}
m_{DCN} / amu	28.01717
m_{DCN} / kg molecule ⁻¹	4.65236×10^{-26}
a / m	1.62250×10^{-10}
d / m	5.8274×10^{-12}
$c = (m_{\text{H}}a + m_{\text{C}}b) / m_{\text{N}}$	$1.16774 \times 10^{-11} + 0.856955 b$
b / m	5.6009×10^{-11}
c / m	5.9675×10^{-11}
$r(\text{H-C})$ / m	1.0624×10^{-10}
$r(\text{H-C})$ / Å	1.0624
$r(\text{C}\equiv\text{N})$ / m	1.1568×10^{-10}
$r(\text{C}\equiv\text{N})$ / Å	1.1568

Exercise 8
Diatomic Molecules

 Molecule $^{79}\text{Br}^{35}\text{Cl}$

v	J	ν / GHz
0	0	9.118908
0	1	18.237764
0	2	27.356517
0	3	36.475115
1	0	9.07261
1	1	18.14516
1	2	27.21762
1	3	36.28991

v	J	$(J + 1)^2$	$\nu/2(J + 1)$ / GHz
0	0	1	4.559454
0	1	4	4.5594410
0	2	9	4.5594195
0	3	16	4.5593894
1	0	1	4.53631
1	1	4	4.536290
1	2	9	4.536270
1	3	16	4.536239

v	0	1
Intercept / GHz	4.559458	4.536309
Slope / GHz	-4.326×10^{-6}	-3.94×10^{-6}
B_v / GHz	4.559458	4.53631
D_v / kHz	2.163	1.97

B_e / GHz **4.57103**
 α_e / MHz **23.149**

ω_e / Hz 1.33×10^{13} ω_e / cm^{-1} **443**
 $\omega_e x_e$ / Hz 5.45×10^{10} $\omega_e x_e$ / cm^{-1} **1.82**
 \mathcal{D} / $\text{cm}^{-1} \text{ molecule}^{-1}$ **2.70×10^4** \mathcal{D} / kJ mol^{-1} **323**

Molecule **BrCl**
 Temperature / K **300**

v height
 0 **202.8 mm**
 1 **24.6 mm**

ν_0 / cm^{-1} **440**

Bond Length

$I / \text{kg m}^2$	5.420058×10^{-46}
m_1 / amu	34.96885
m_2 / amu	18.99840
μ / amu	12.31028
$\mu / \text{kg molecule}^{-1}$	2.04417×10^{-26}
r / m	1.6283×10^{-10}
$r / \text{\AA}$	1.6283